## MD simulation of melting and $\lambda$ - transition in stoichiometric uranium dioxide

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New version of ionic model for stoichiometric uranium dioxide, reproducing the experimental density of solid stoichiometric UO<sub>2</sub> in a wide range of temperatures, is developed. Results of the high-temperature MD simulation on large cells, based on a novel fast method of computation of Coulomb forces, both in solid and liquid phases are presented and discussed. Properties of liquid UO<sub>2</sub>, computed on the basis on the same potential model, are in good agreement with existing experimental data and predictions of other theoretical models. Simulation reveals characteristic features of a pre-melting  $\lambda$ -transition at a temperature near to that experimentally observed (T<sub> $\lambda$ </sub>=2670 K). A strong deviation from the Arrhenius behavior of the oxygen self-diffusion coefficient was found near the  $\lambda$ -transition point.