

Max-Planck-Institut für extraterrestrische
Physik

Complex plasmas in 3D: narrow channels, local order and beyond

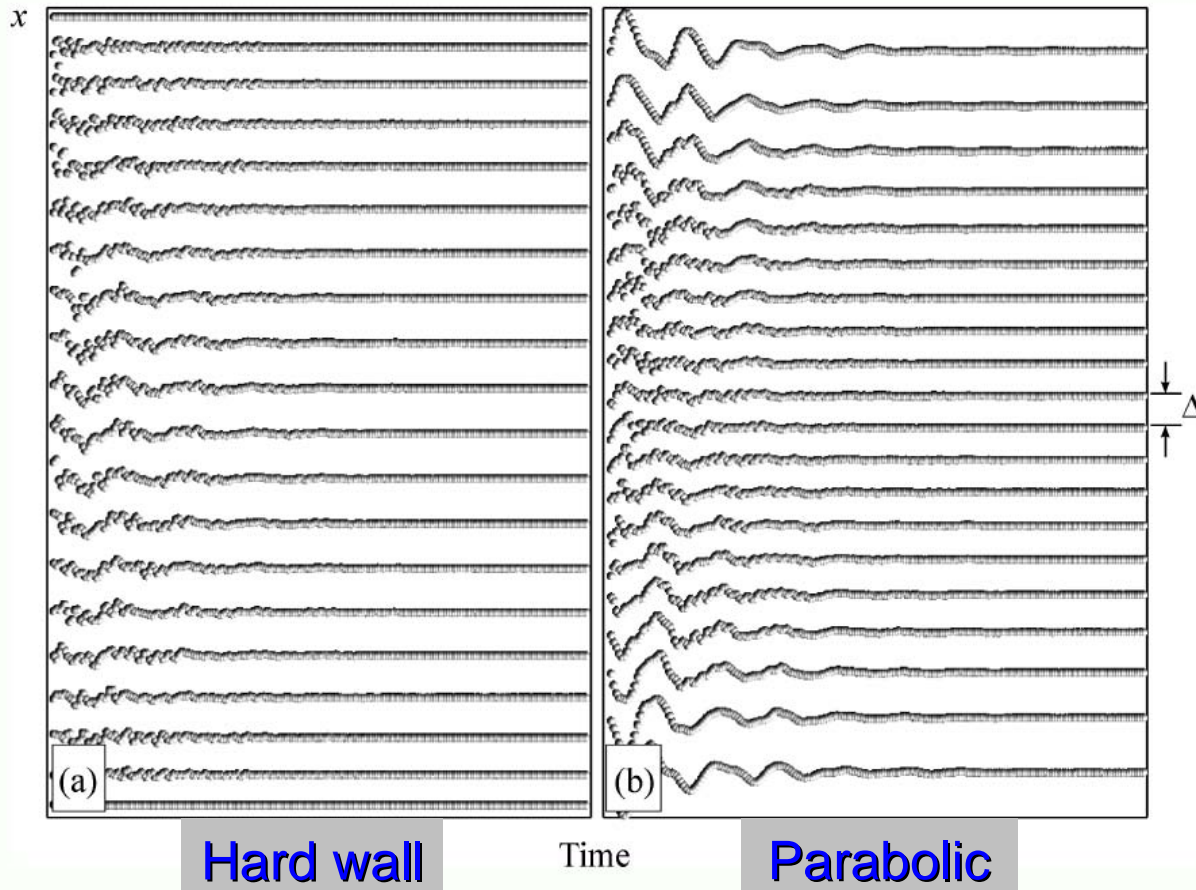
B. A. Klumov, P. Huber, G. Morfill

Workshop on the Non-ideal Plasma Physics

4 - 5 December 2007, Moscow

1D Yukawa system @ different confinements

$$m\ddot{\mathbf{r}}_i = -Z_d \nabla \Phi_c - Z_d \sum \nabla \phi - m\gamma \dot{\mathbf{r}}_i + \mathbf{L}_i$$

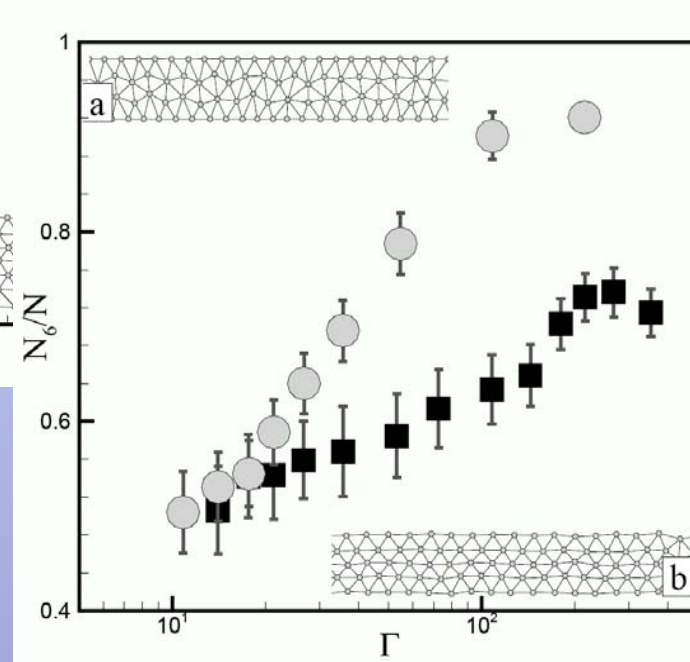
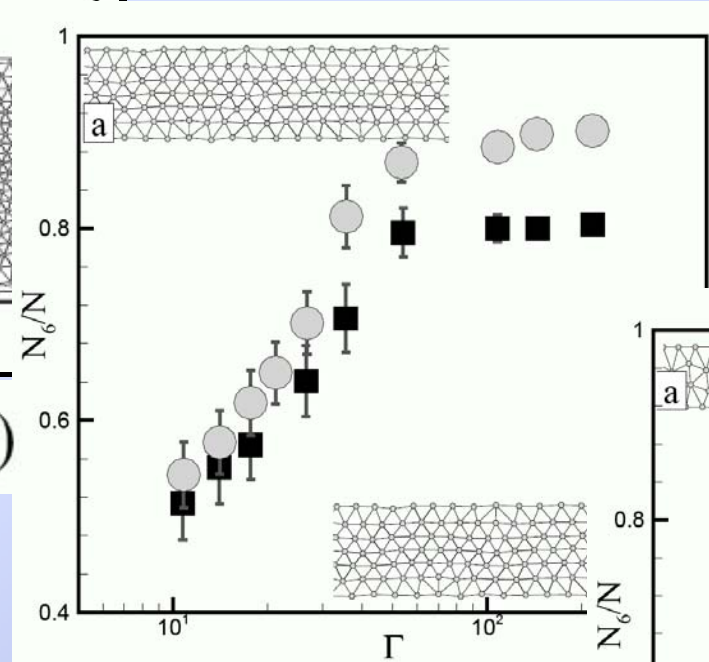
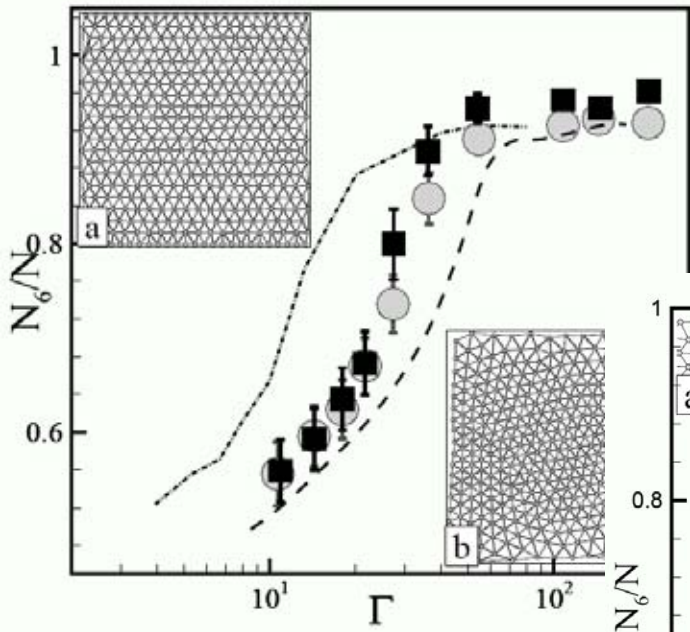


Different dependencies of inter particle distance Δ versus x at steady-state

Local order of 2D Yukawa system for a few aspect ratios (Klumov and Morfill, JETPL, 2007)

$$\varphi(r) = (Ze/r) \exp(-r/\lambda_D)$$

decrease the "wall" separation



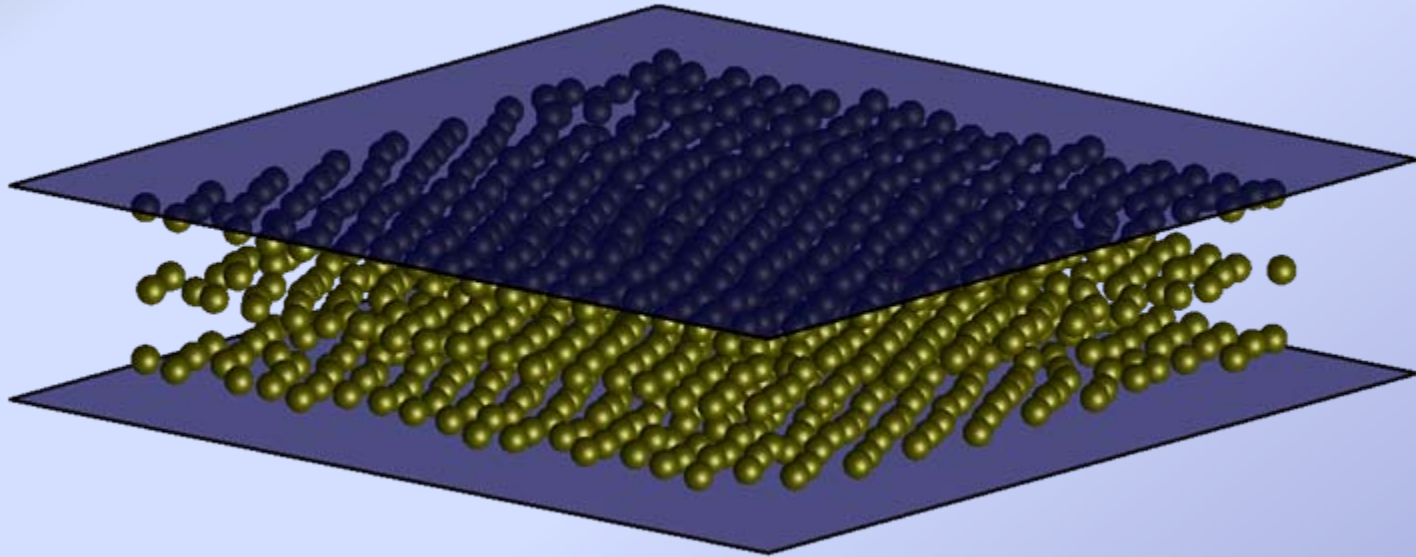
$$\Gamma \equiv (Z_d^2 / \Delta T_d) \exp(-\kappa)$$

$$\kappa = \Delta / \lambda_D$$

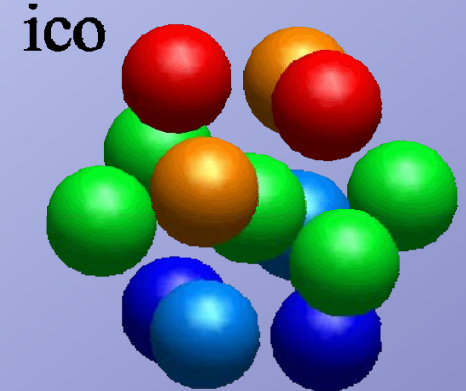
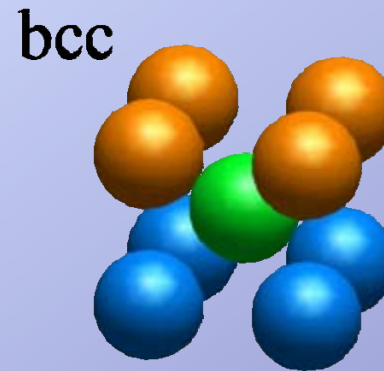
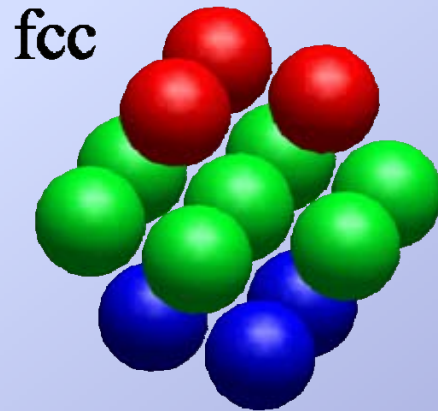
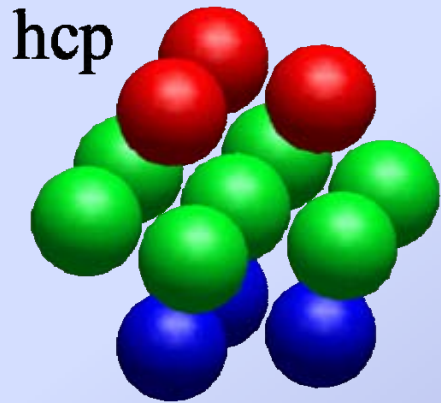
■ Hard wall

○ Parabolic

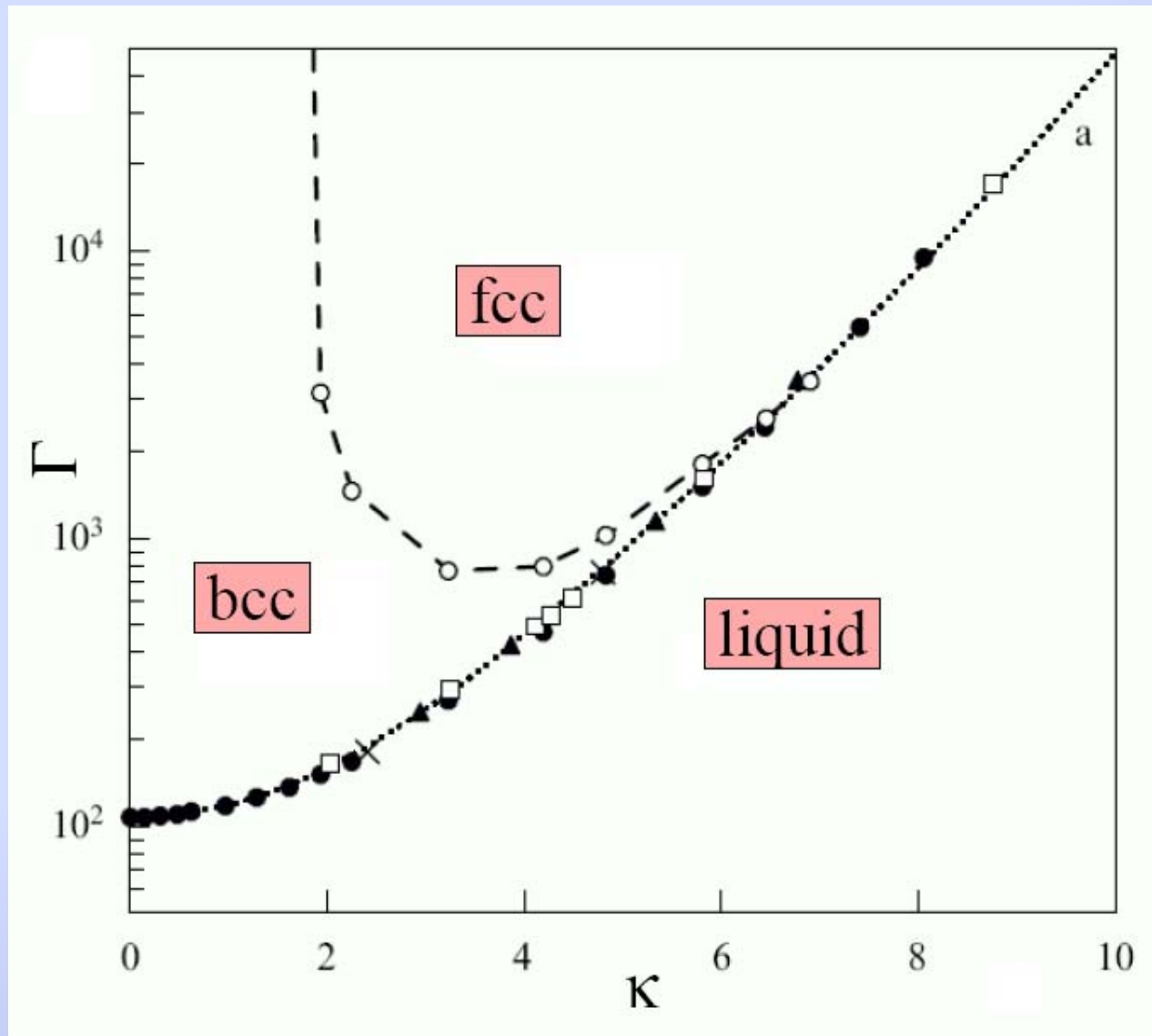
Local order of 3D Yukawa system in narrow channel (Klumov, Morfill, JETPL, 2007)



Periodic boundary conditions (x, y) + confinement (z)

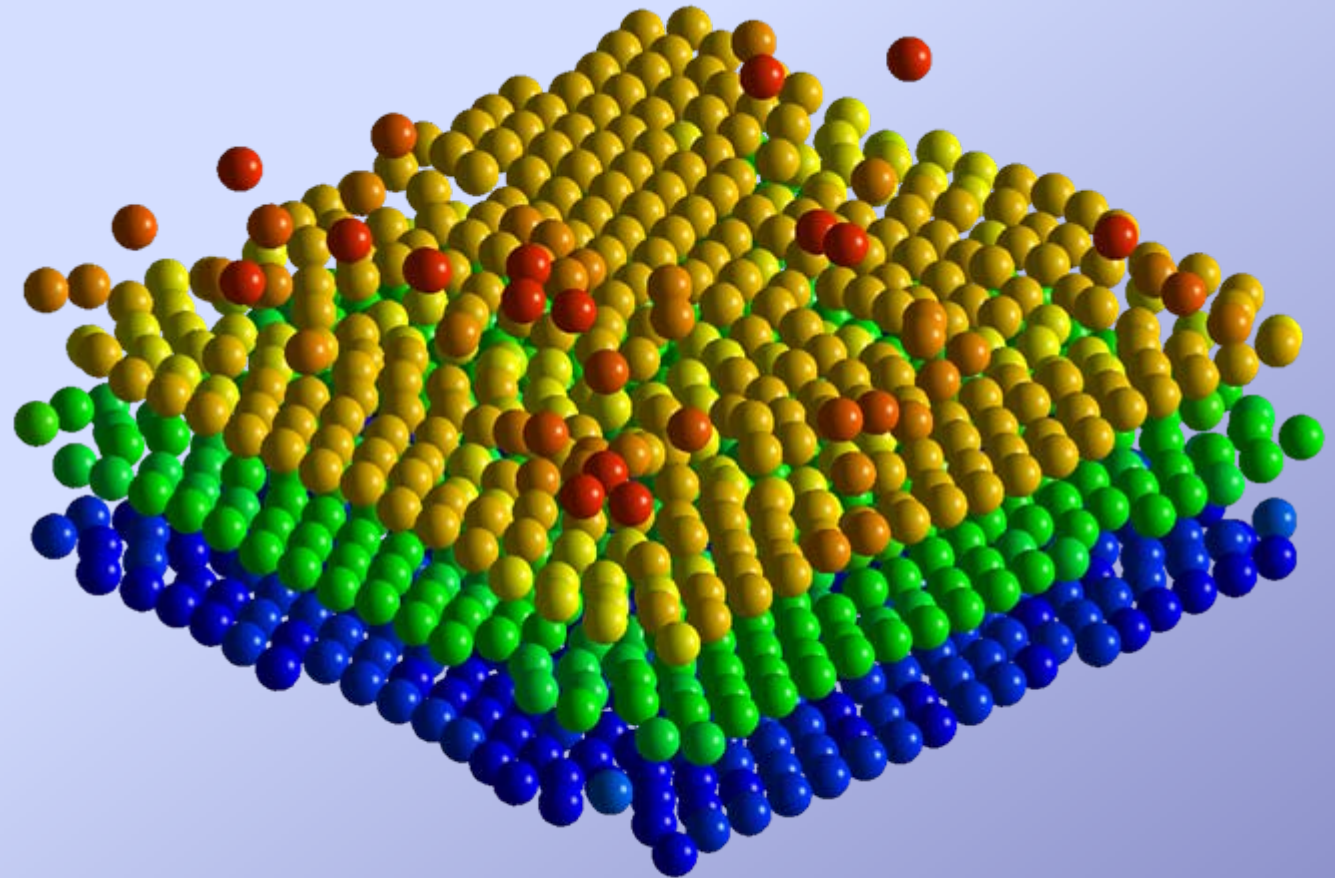
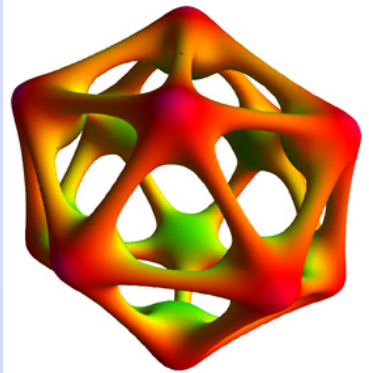
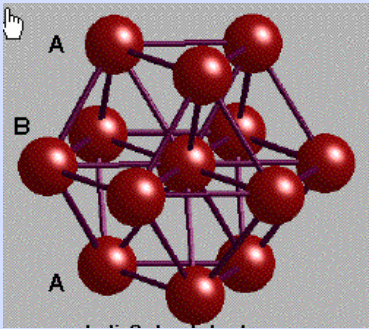
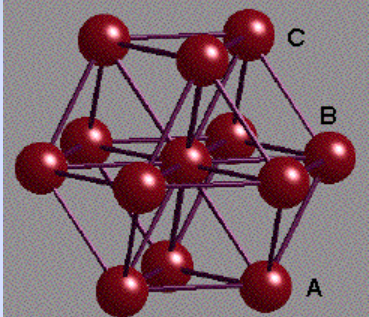
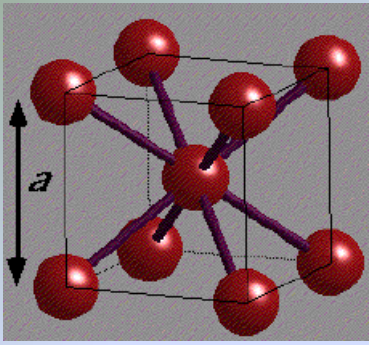


Yukawa system + PBC: equilibrium lattice types



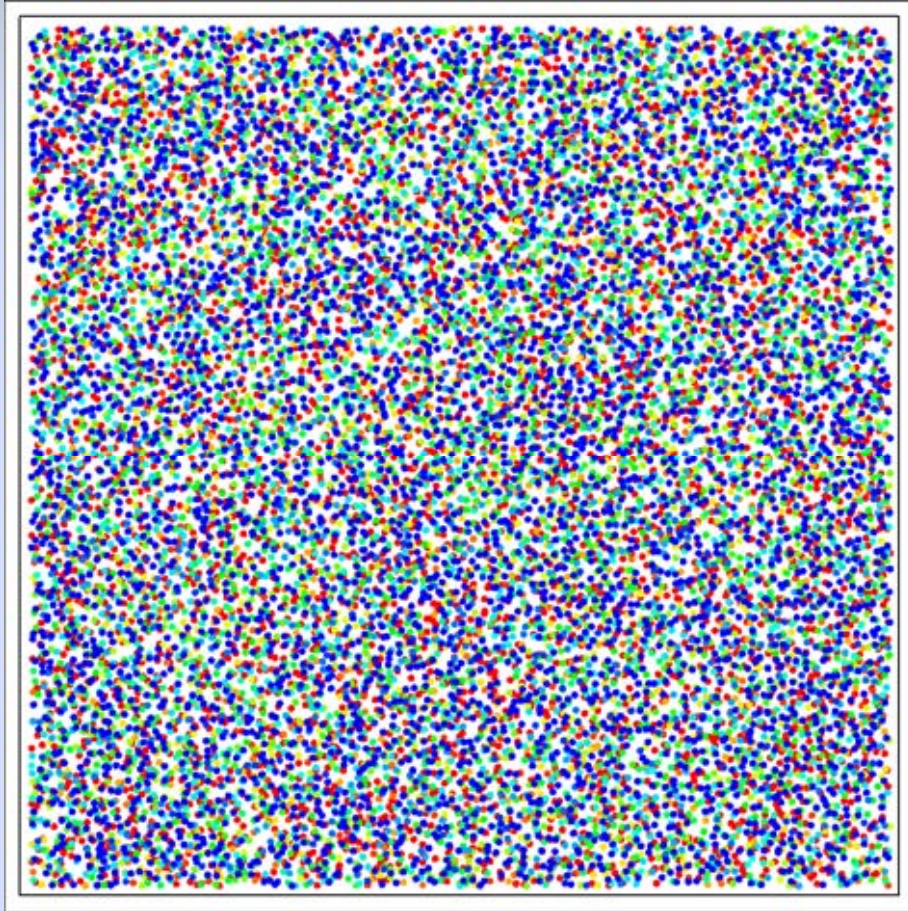
Local order of 3D system of particles

Three adjacent layers can be used to identify CCP lattice types

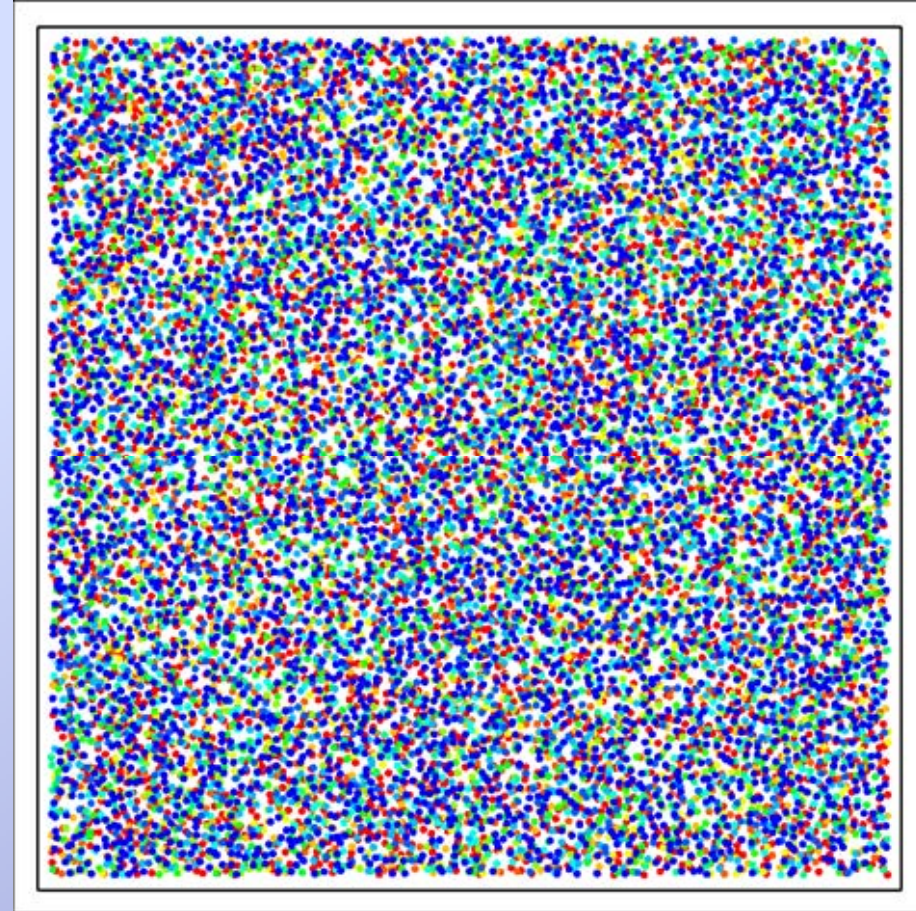


3D Yukawa system in narrow channel: MD simulations

Top view: the layers are color-coded by the depth



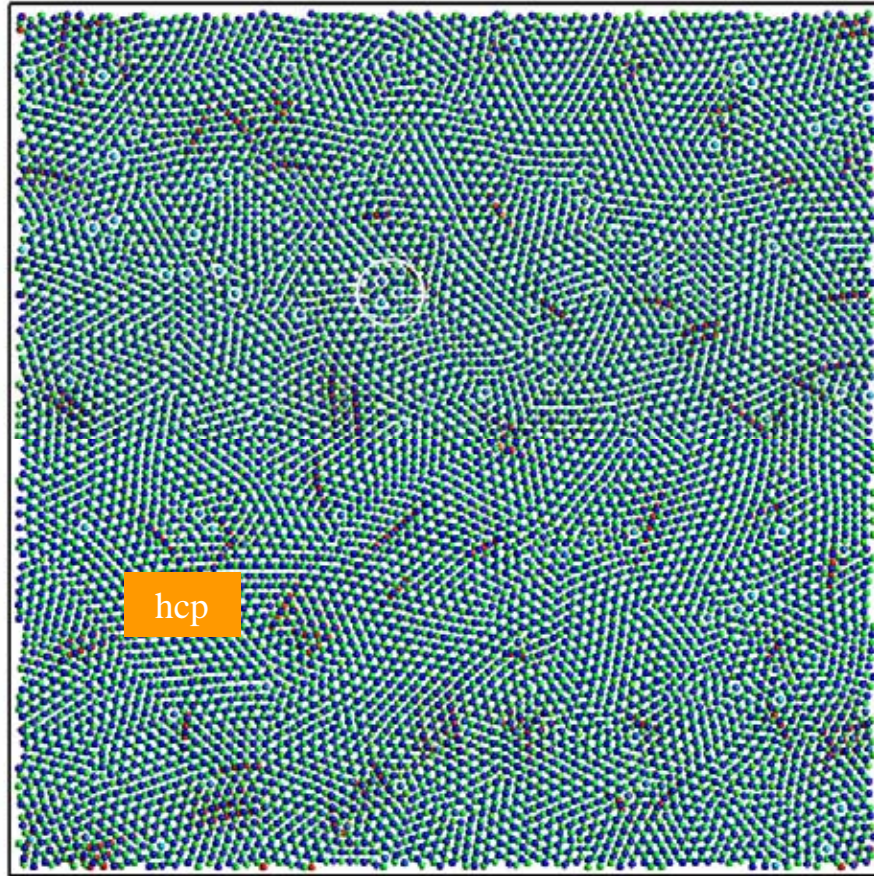
Parabolic confinement



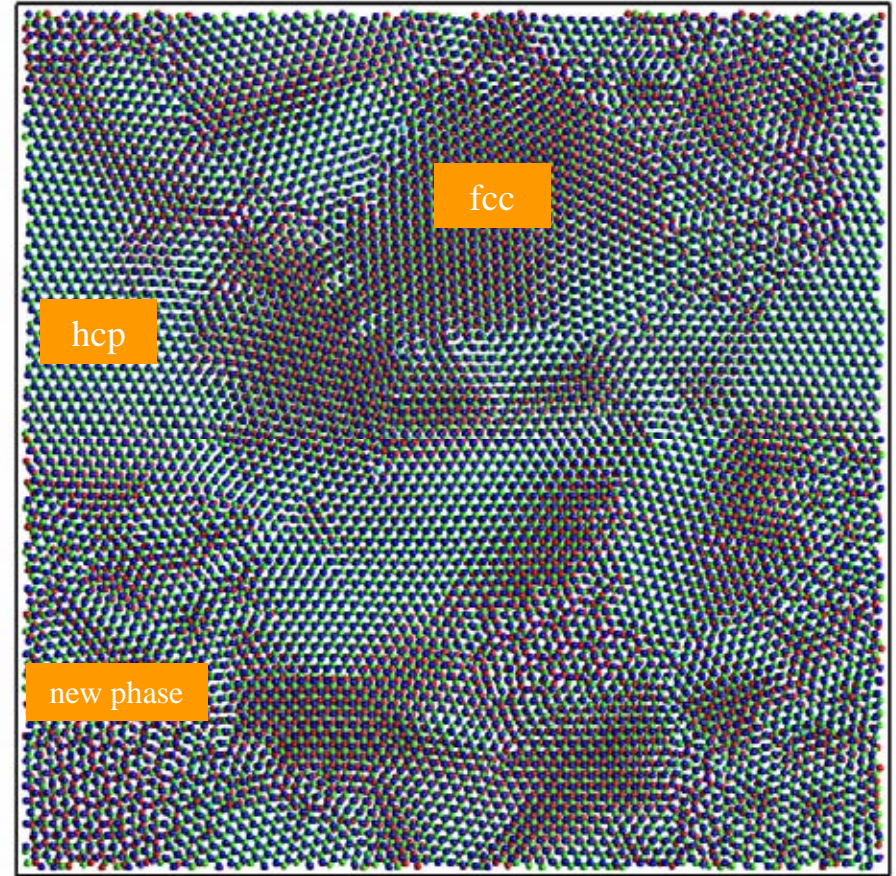
Hard wall

3D Yukawa system in narrow channel: MD simulations

Top view : the layers are color-coded by the depth

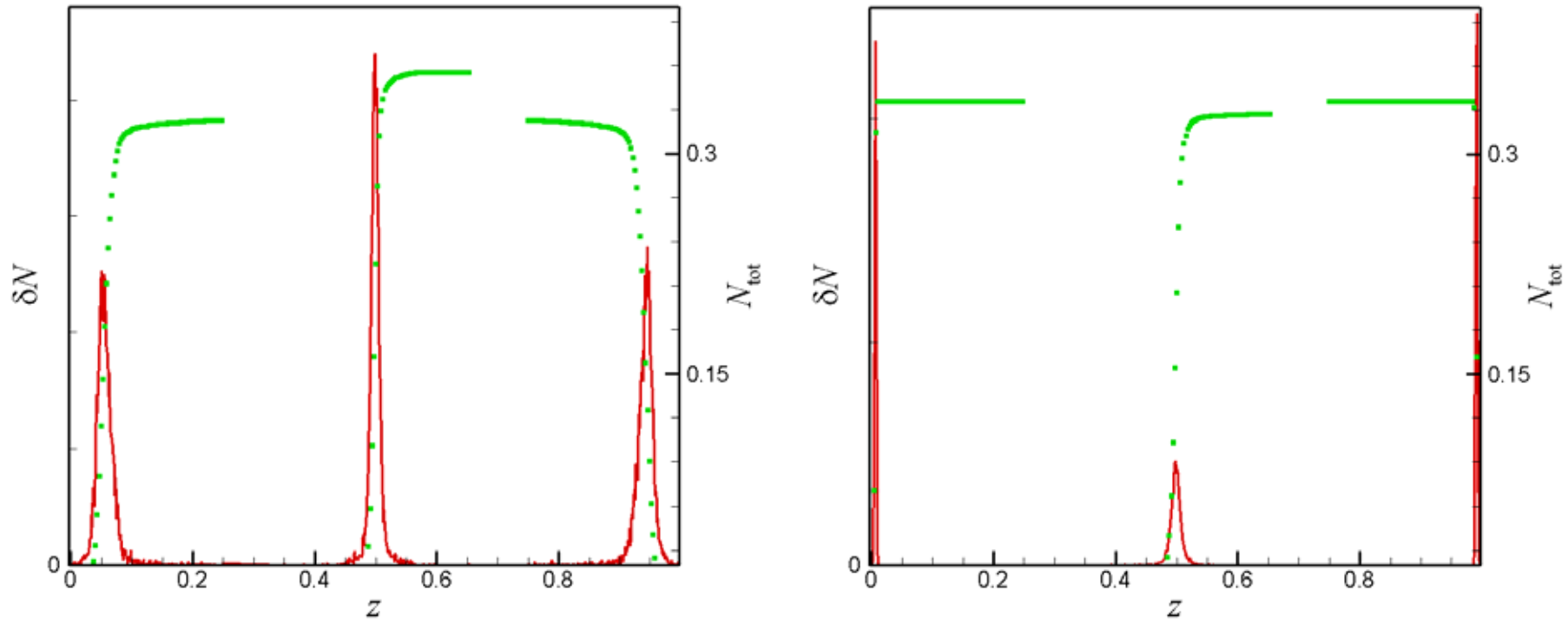


Parabolic confinement



Hard wall

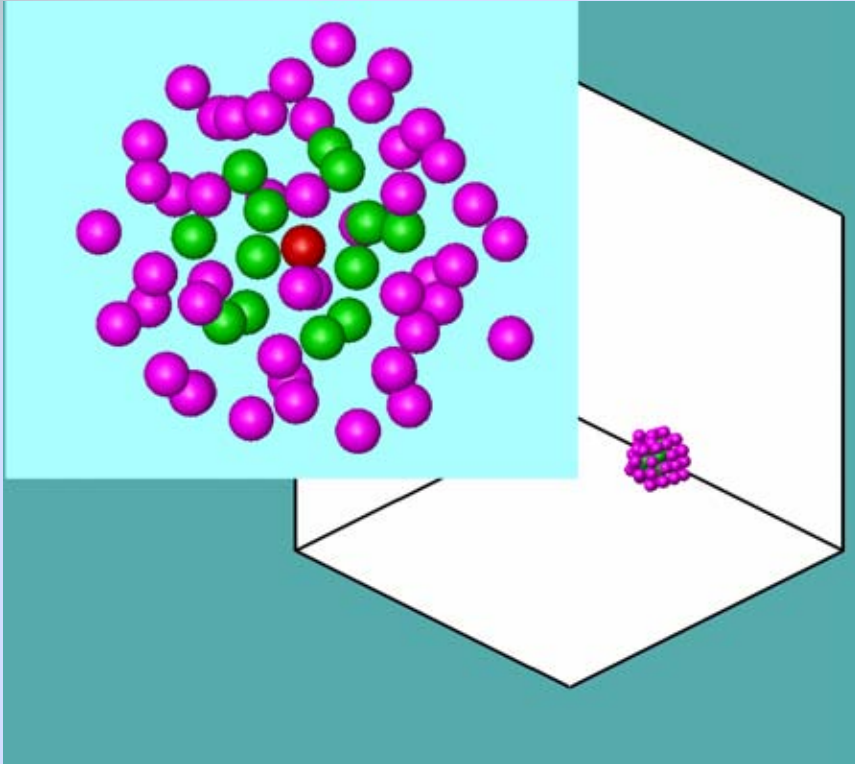
3D Yukawa system in the narrow channel: MD simulations



Parabolic confinement

Hard wall

How to define the local order by using particle positions?



$$\overline{q}_{lm}(i) \equiv \frac{1}{N_b(i)} \sum_{j=1}^{N_b(i)} Y_{lm}(\hat{\mathbf{r}}_{ij})$$

$$Q_l \equiv \sqrt{\frac{4\pi}{2l+1} \sum_{m=-l}^l |\overline{Q}_{lm}|^2}$$

$$W_l \equiv \sum_{\substack{m_1, m_2, m_3 \\ m_1 + m_2 + m_3 = 0}} \begin{pmatrix} l & l & l \\ m_1 & m_2 & m_3 \end{pmatrix} \overline{Q}_{lm_1} \overline{Q}_{lm_2} \overline{Q}_{lm_3}$$

Step 1: to find N-nearest neighbors

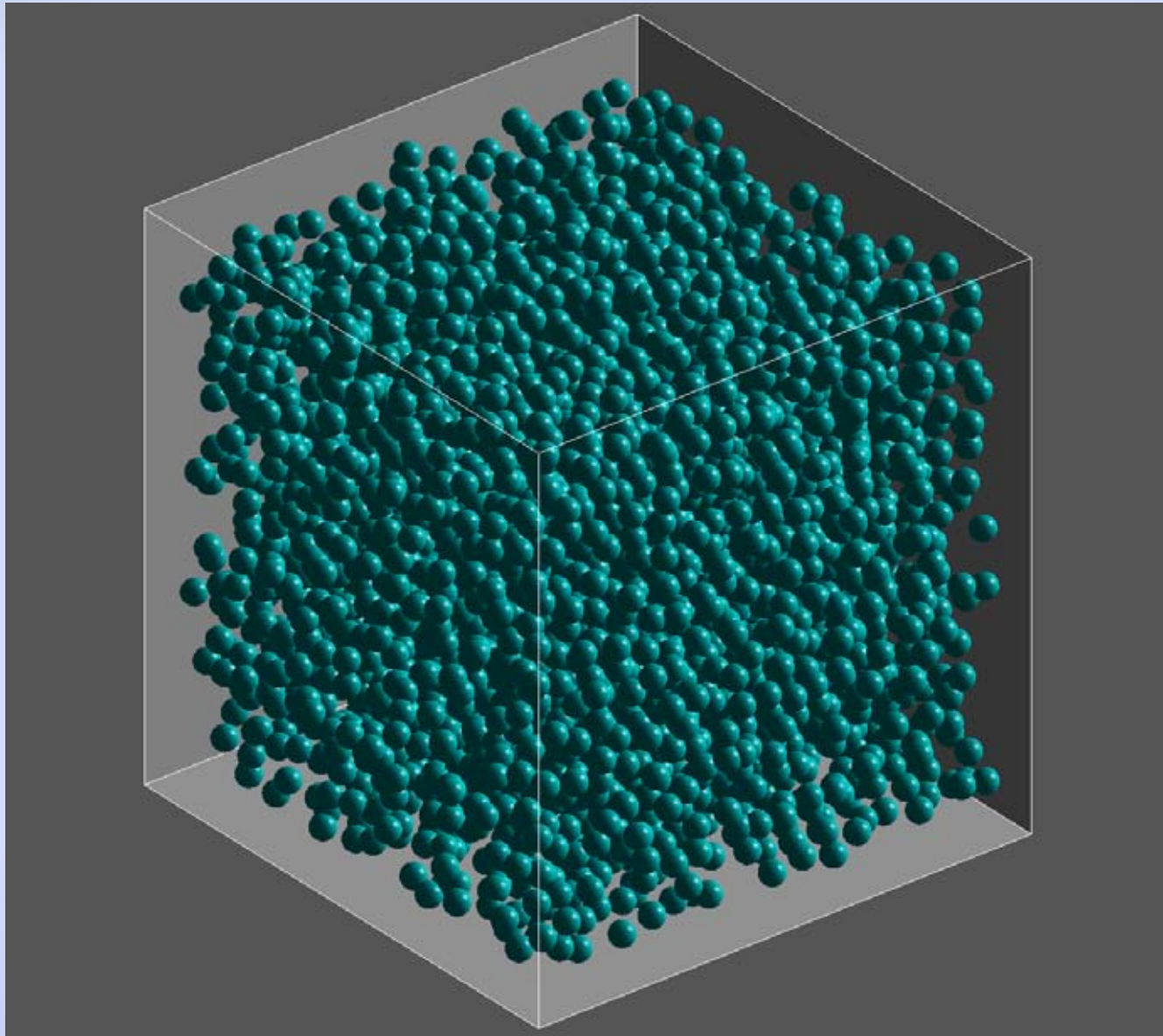
Step 2: to calculate the local bond-order parameters

Step 3: to calculate local rotational invariants

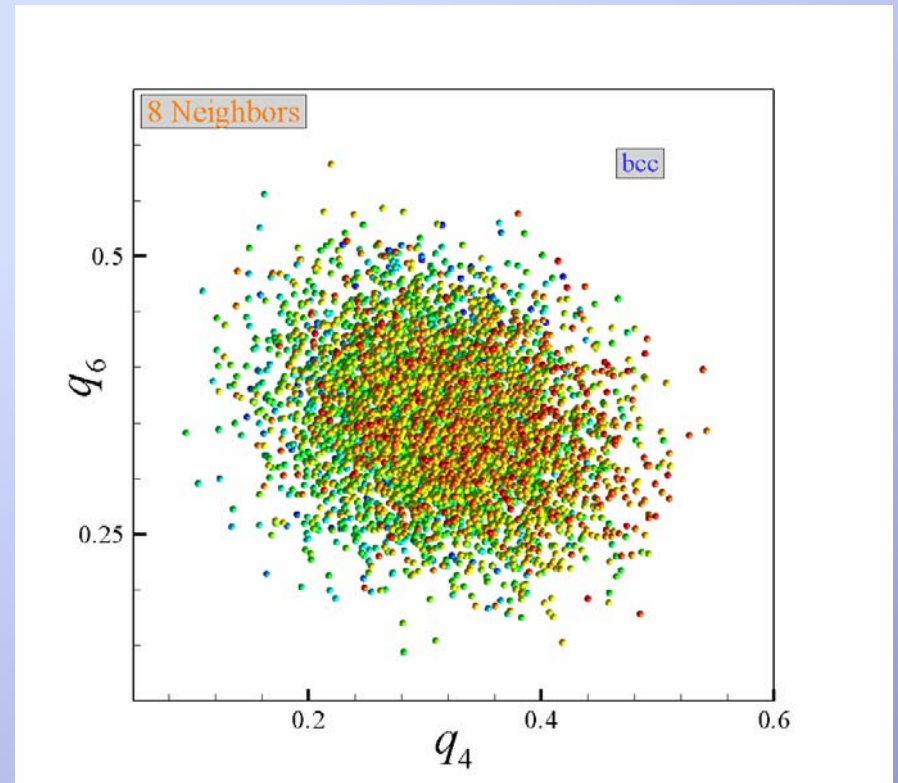
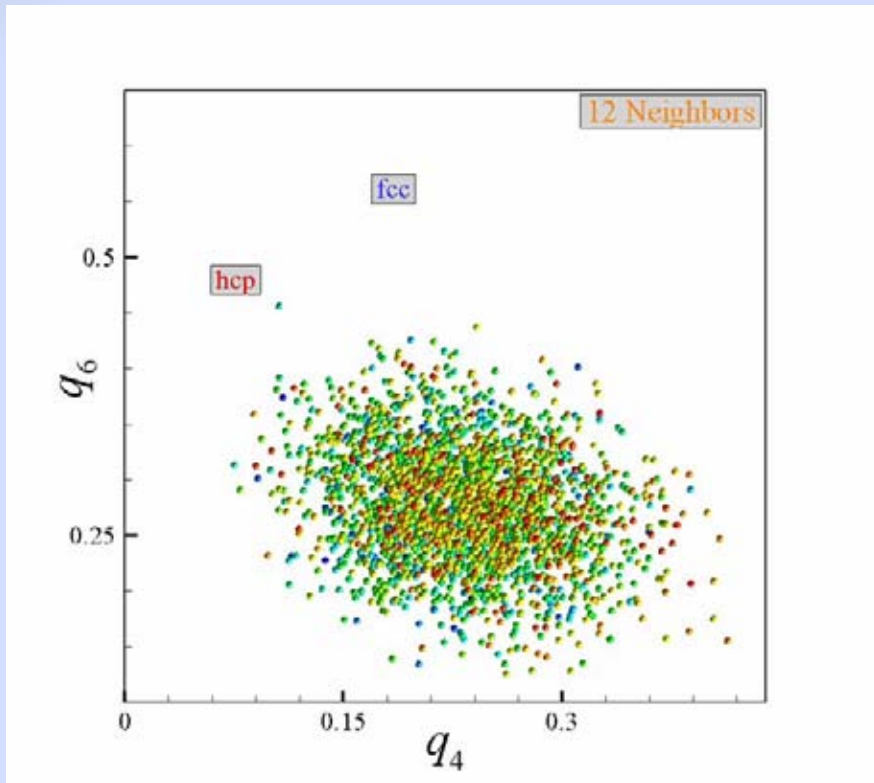
Step 4: to identify the local structure

	Q_4	Q_6	\widehat{W}_4	\widehat{W}_6
fcc	0.191	0.575	-0.159	-0.013
hcp	0.097	0.485	0.134	-0.012
bcc	0.036	0.511	0.159	0.013
sc	0.764	0.354	0.159	0.013
Icosahedral	0	0.663	0	-0.170
(liquid)	0	0	0	0

Crystallization in 3D: MD simulations (PBC, hard wall)



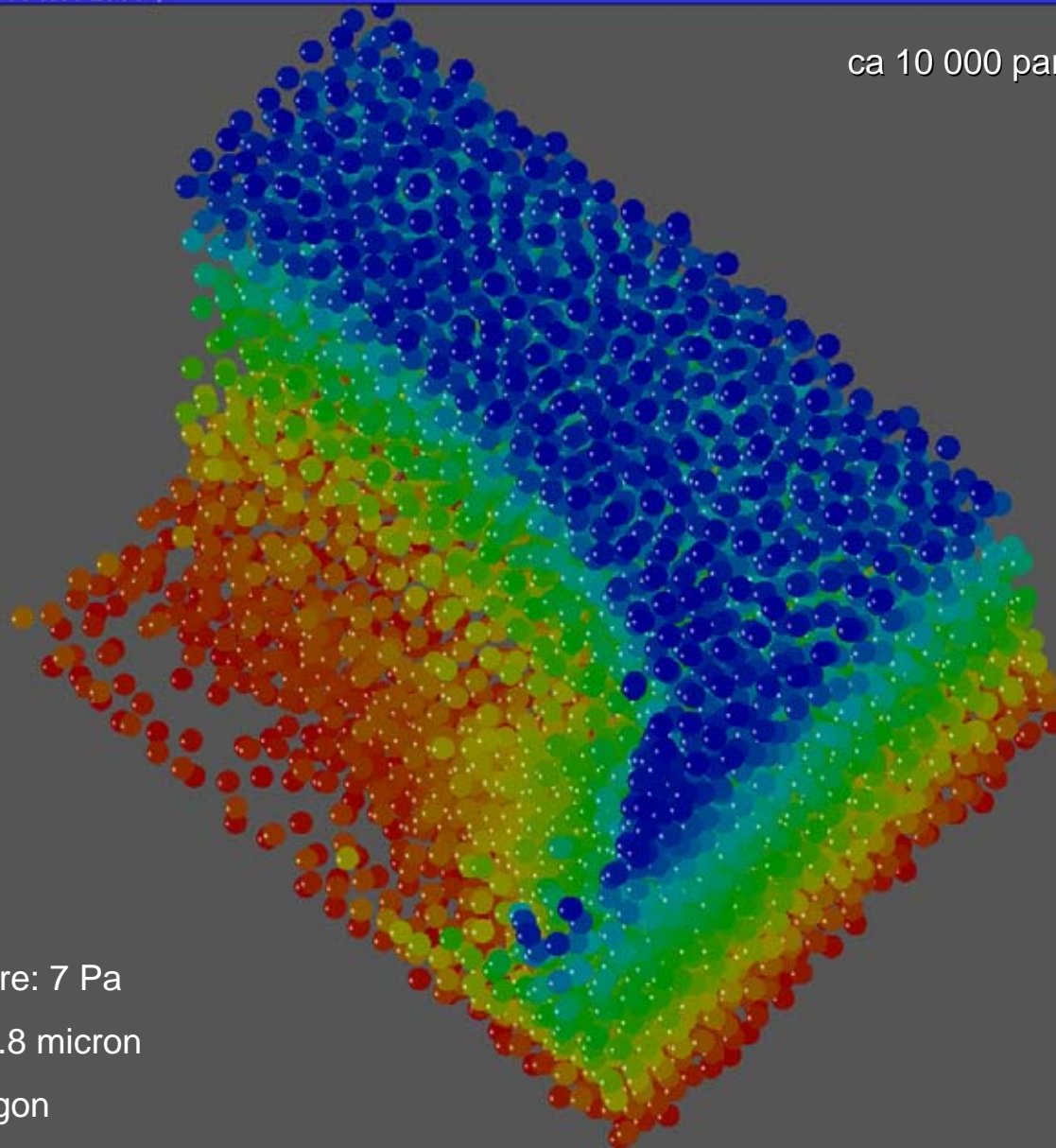
Local order analysis of 3D MD simulations



Plasma crystal @ microgravity: PKE-3 data (November 2006)

ISS PKE-3 | 19 Nov 2006

ca 10 000 particles

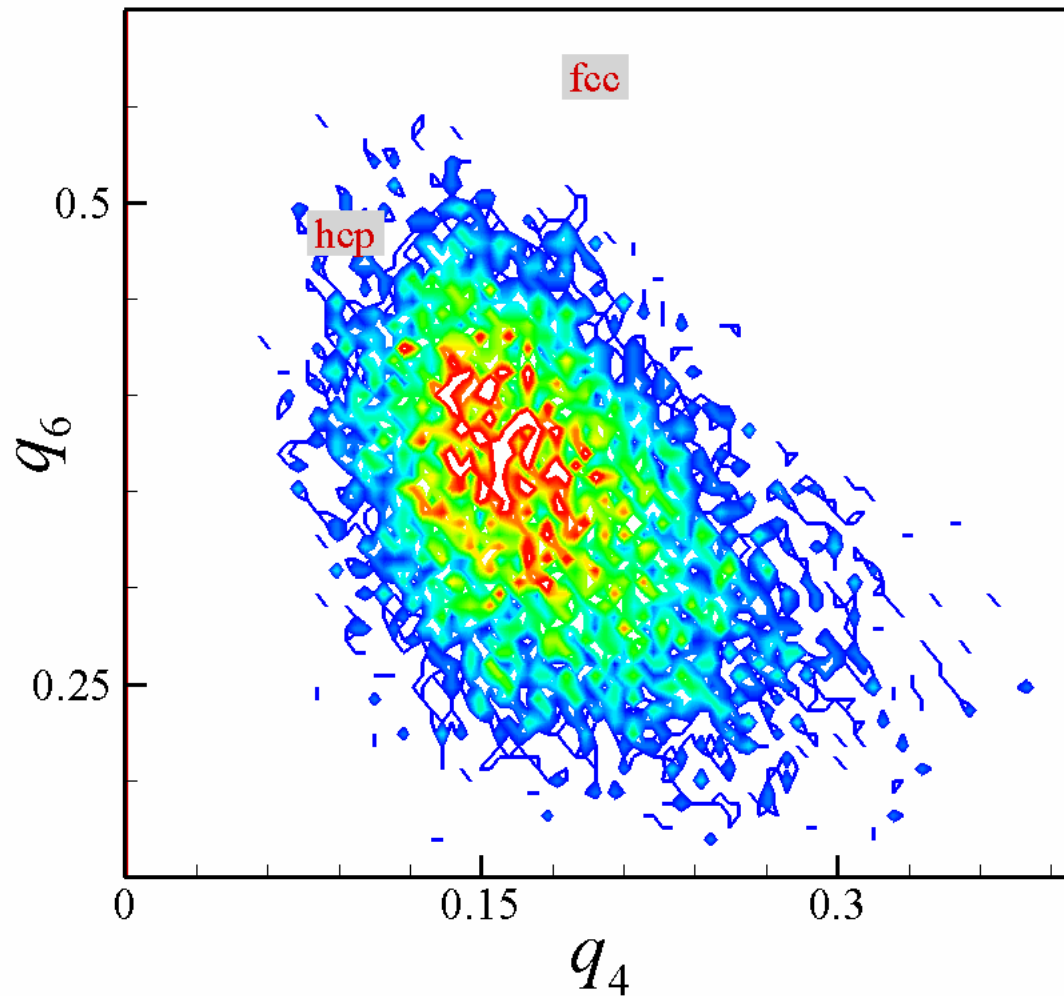


Pressure: 7 Pa

Size: 6.8 micron

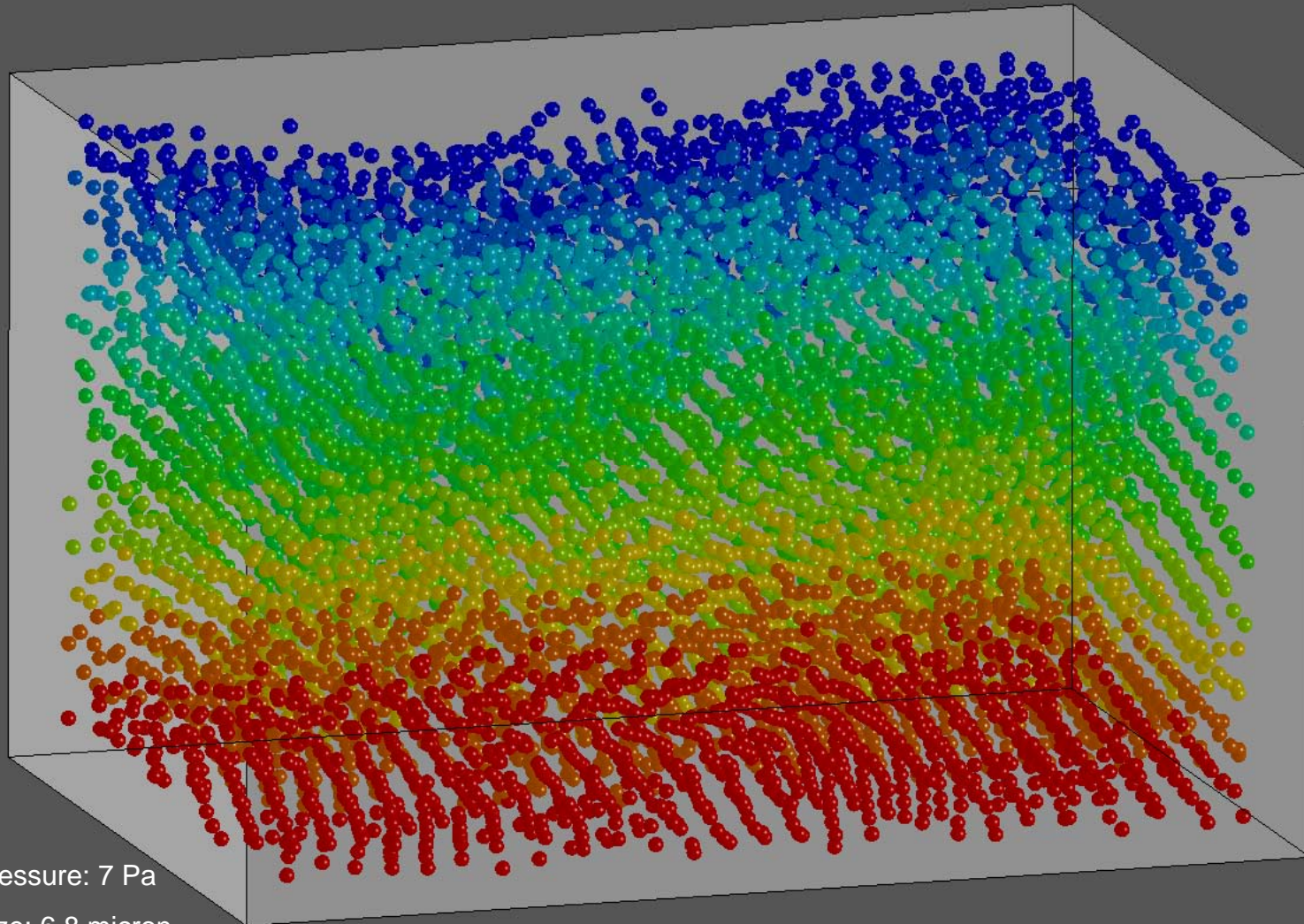
RF: Argon

Local order analysis of 3D ISS data



Complex plasma @ microgravity: the best crystal ever obtained

ISS PKE-3 | 19 Nov 2006



Pressure: 7 Pa

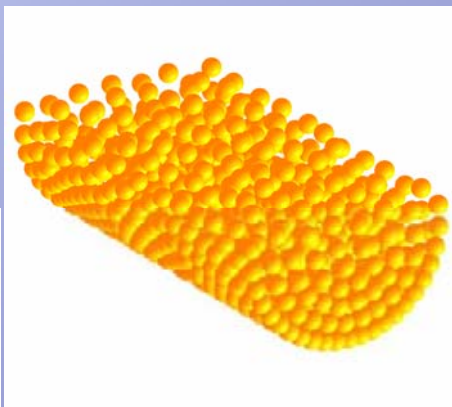
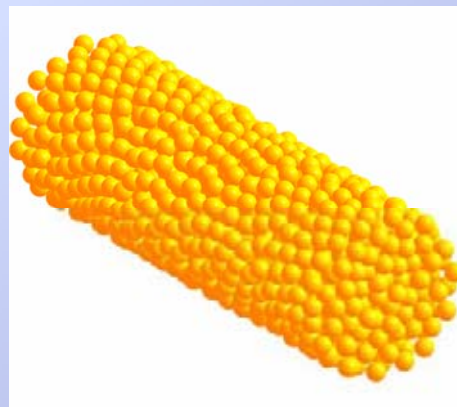
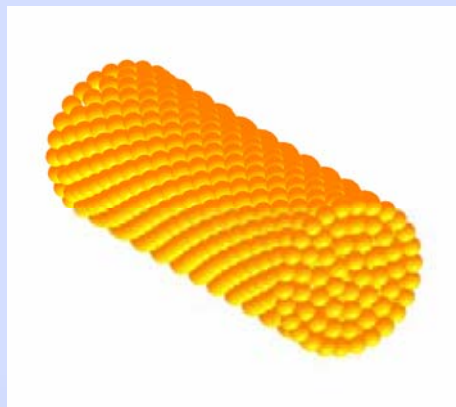
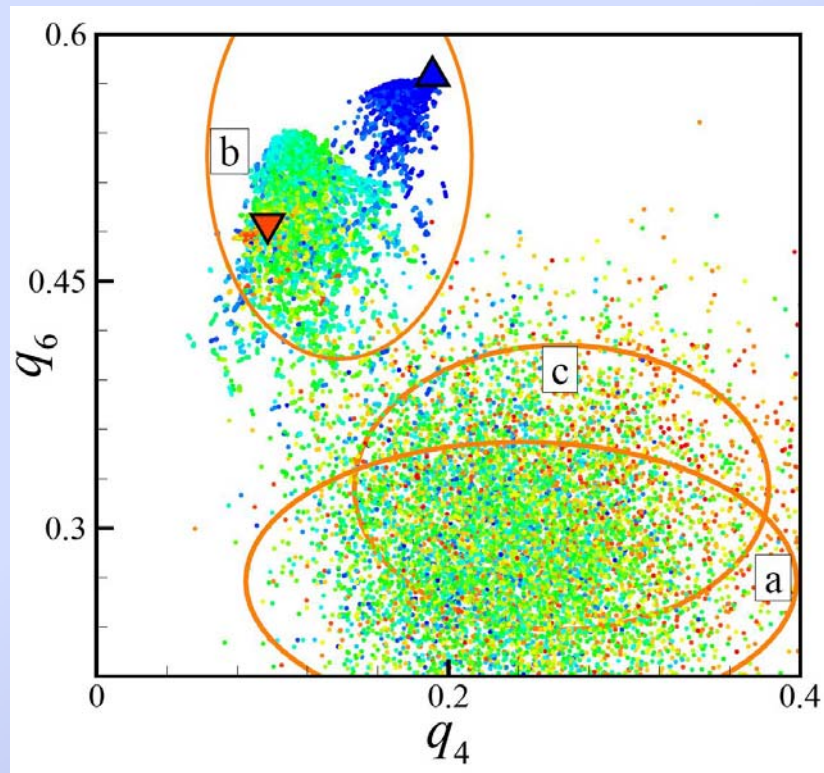
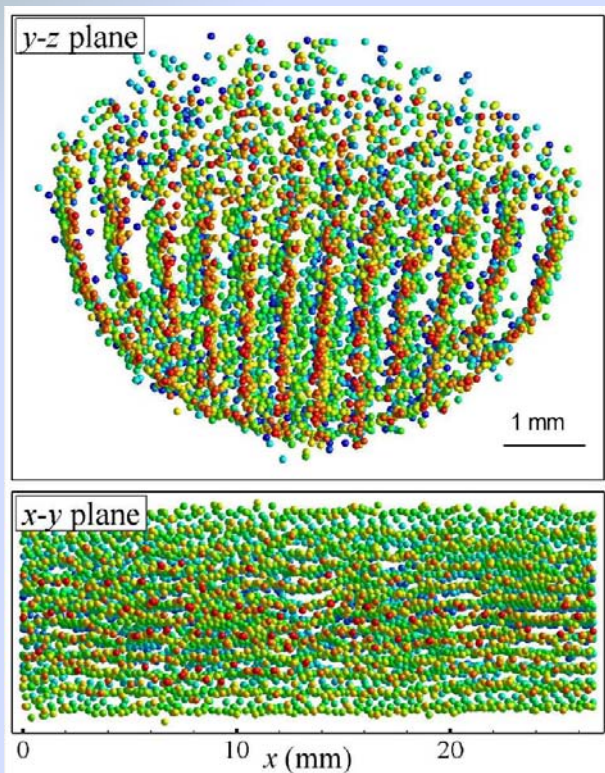
Size: 6.8 micron

RF: Argon

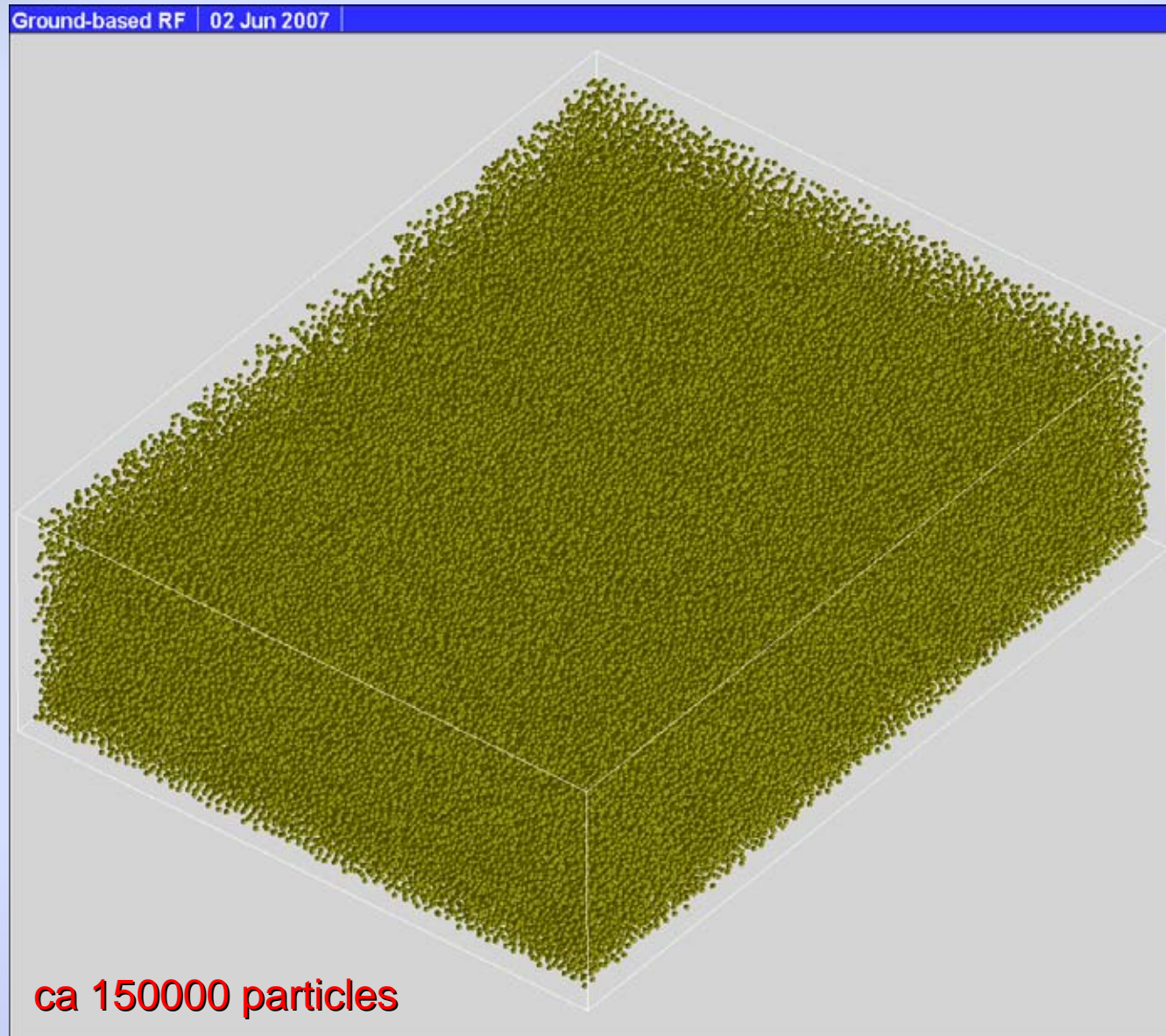
ca 10 000 particles

© Tatiana

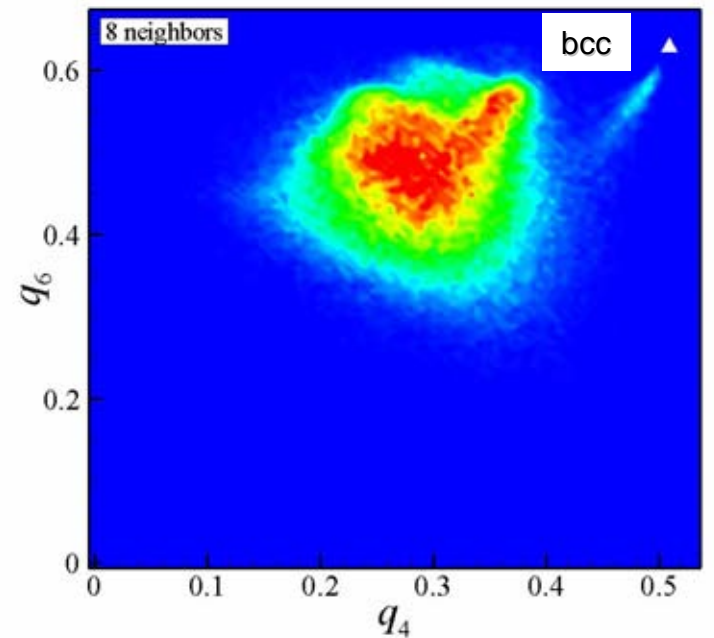
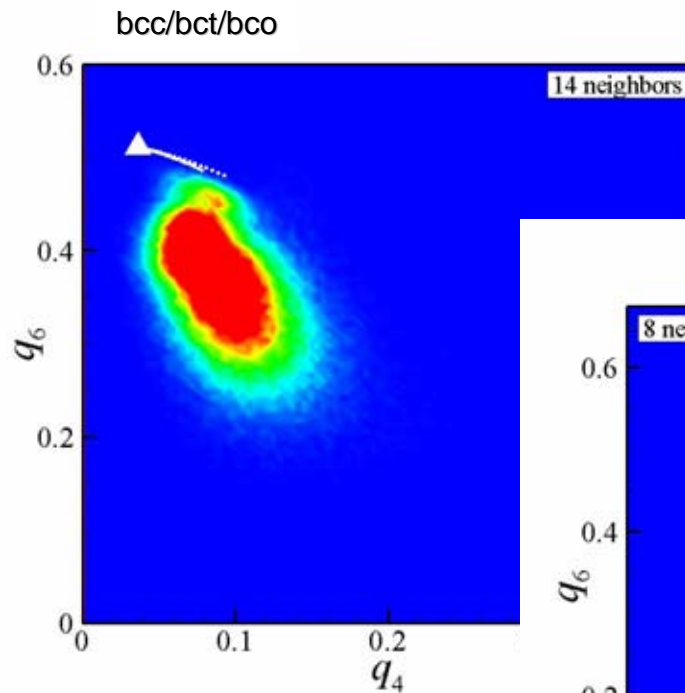
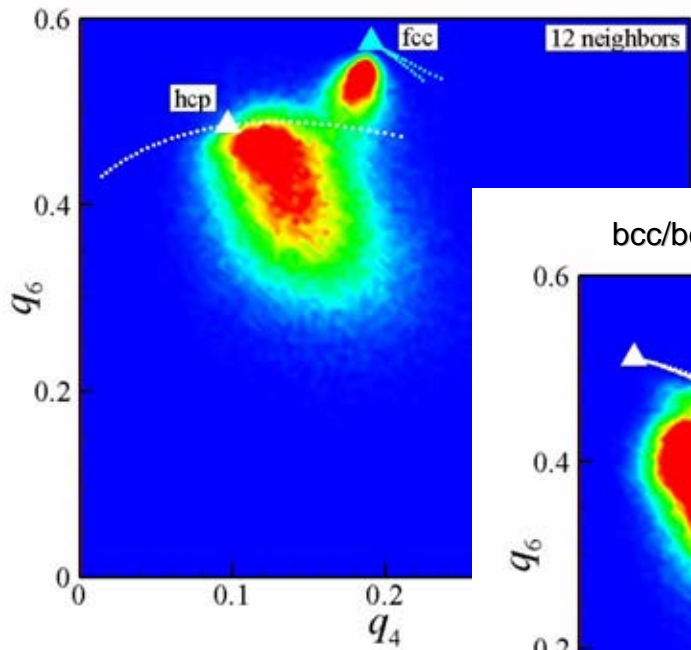
Complex plasmas at cylindrical confinement: MD & experiment (S. Mitic, 2007)



Complex plasmas in 3D: ground-based experiment (P.Huber, 2007)

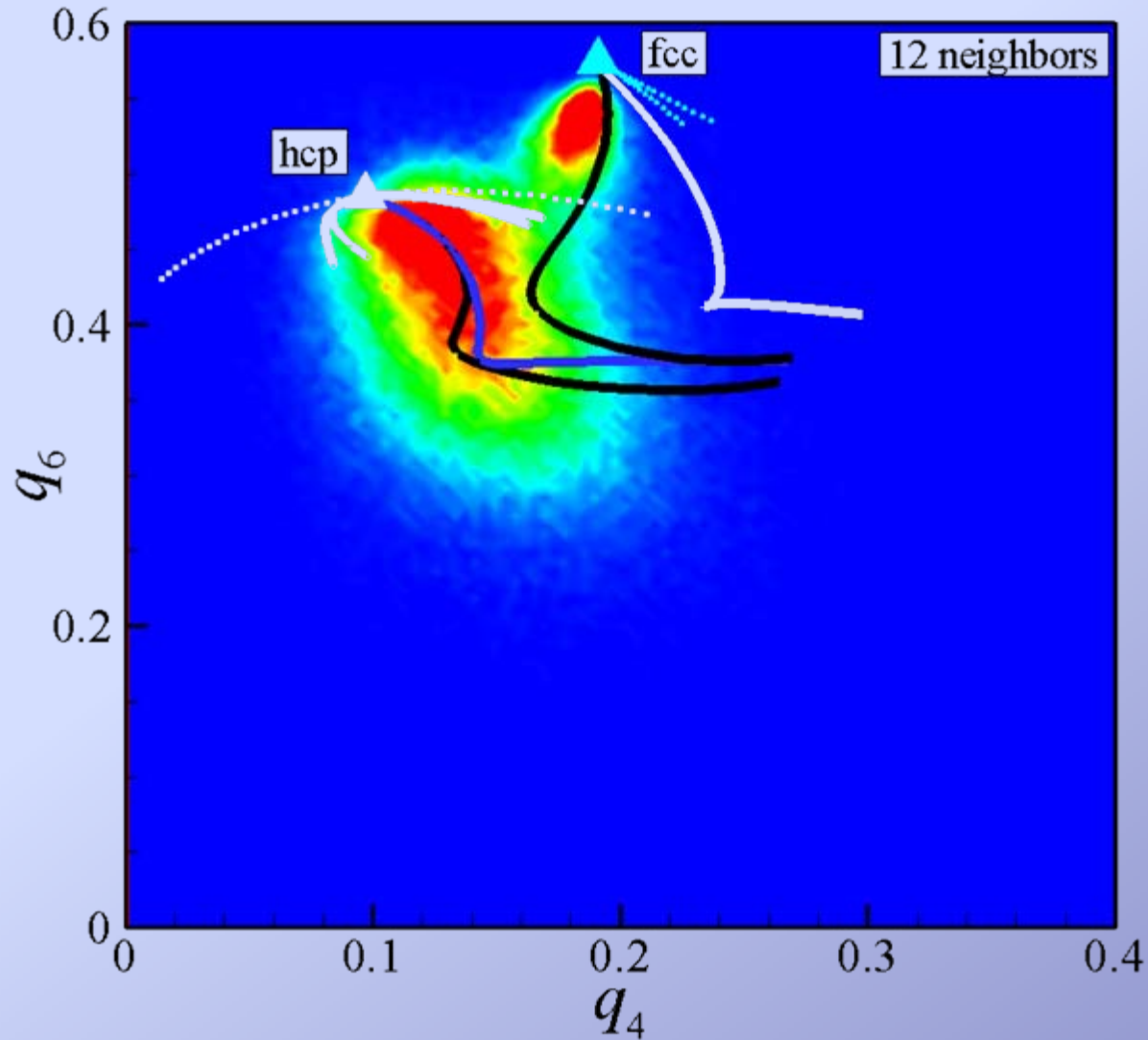


Local order analysis of recent ground-based experiments (cntnd)

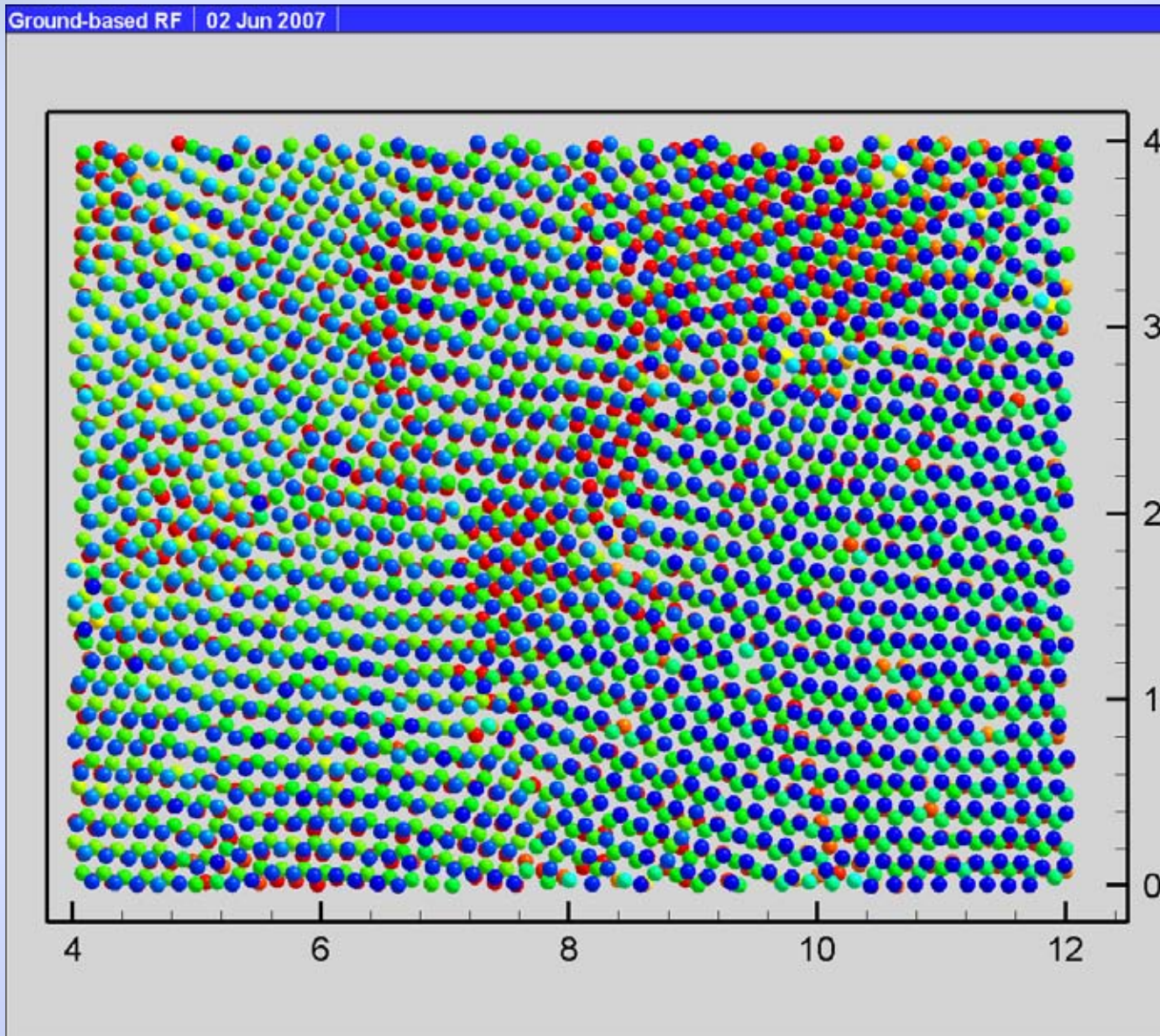


Local order analysis of recent ground-based experiments

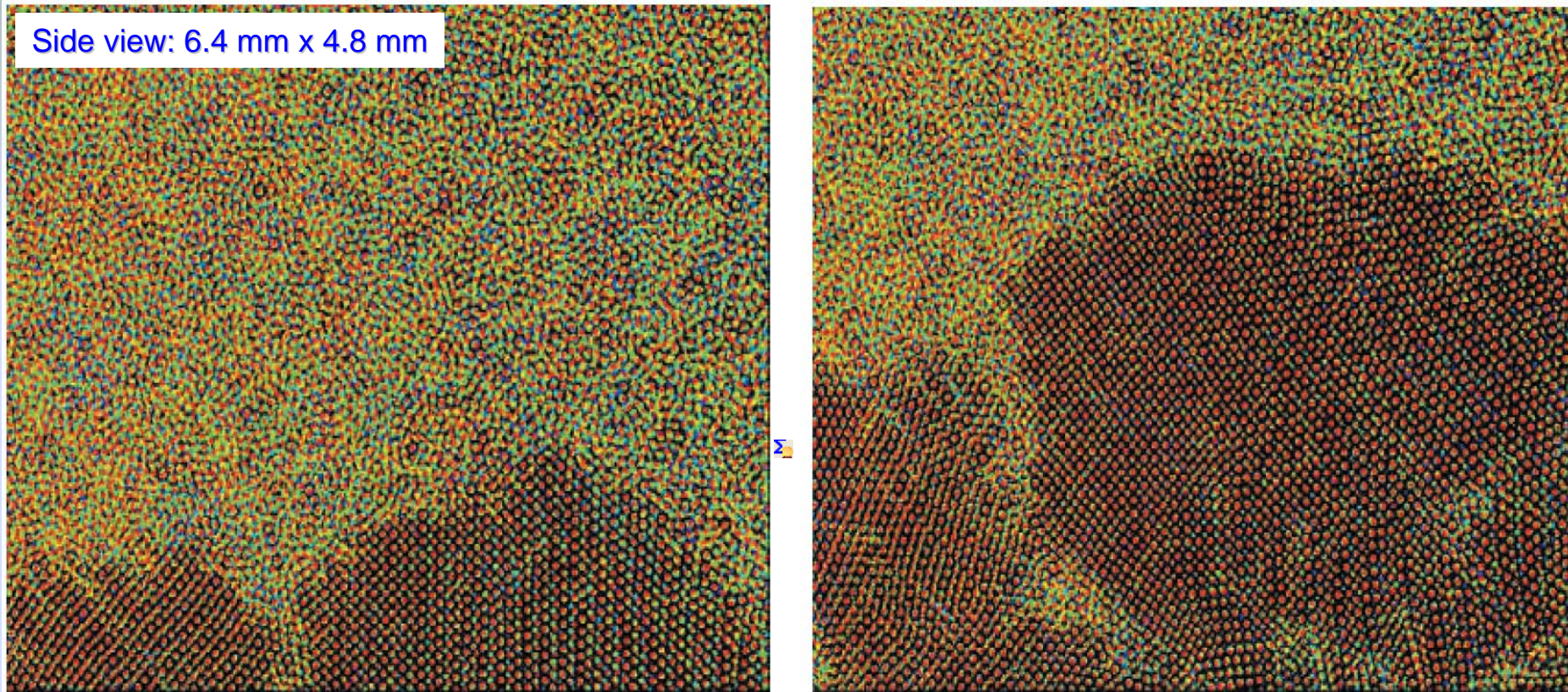
Rotational invariants of hcp & fcc @ different shear levels



Complex plasmas in 3D: ground-based experiment (ca 150000 ptcl)



First observations of crystallization fronts in complex plasmas (M. Rubin-Zuzic, et al, *Nature*, 2006)



Development of the front at two different times (16 s apart)

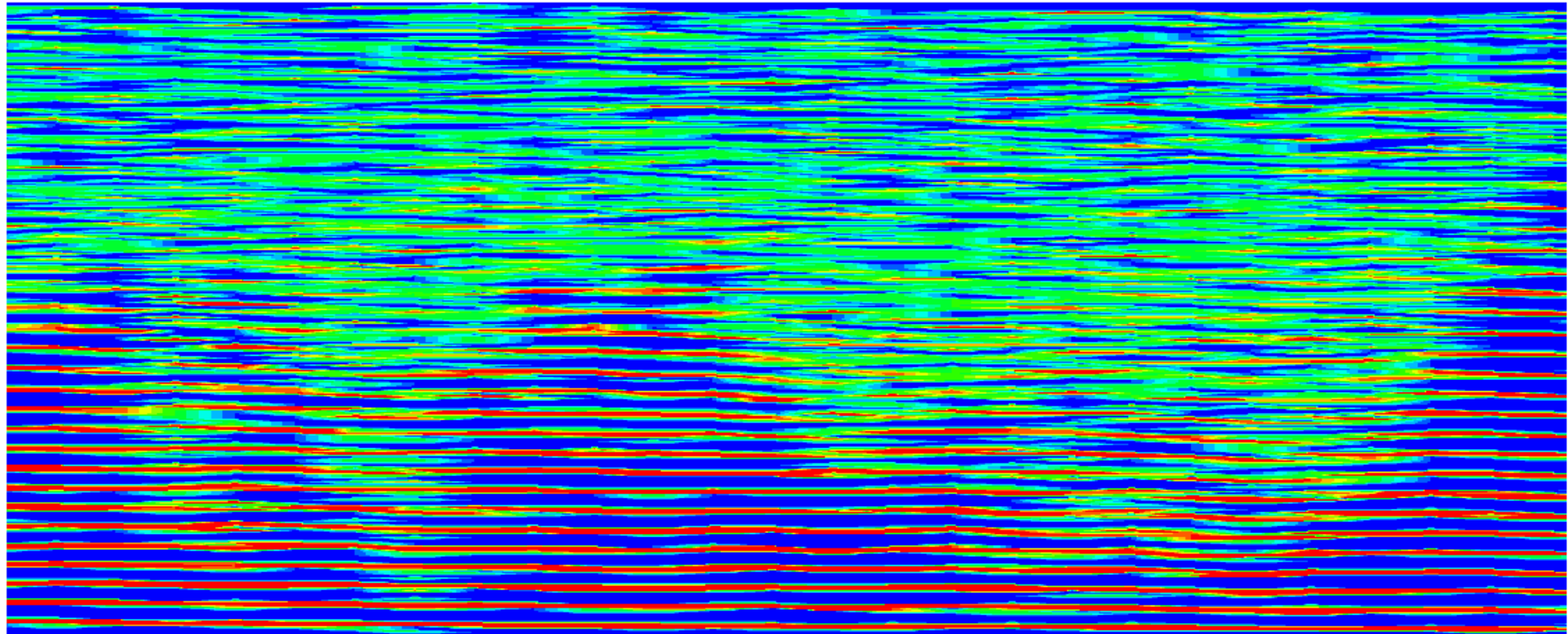
Pressure: 0.23 mbar

Size: 1.28 micron

RF: Argon

Local order analysis of recent ground-based experiment (cntnd) (P. Huber, 2007)

Particle density (x, y) vs z for the final frame



ca 150 000 particles



THANK YOU